# MENDOZA COLLEGE OF BUSINESS

## **Emergency Action Plan**

May 18, 2020

An emergency action plan describes the actions employees should take in case of fire or other emergency situations.

## I. SCOPE

The Mendoza College of Business and the University are committed to comply with all emergency regulations and protect faculty, staff and students in emergency situations.

# II. EMERGENCY PLAN COORDINATOR (EPC) FOR MENDOZA COLLEGE OF BUSINESS (MCOB)

The Emergency Plan Coordinator (EPC) for MCOB is Doug Franson, Director of Finance and Facilities, MCOB. This person is responsible to work with the Office of Campus Safety to make sure this emergency action plan is kept up to date. Supervisors, Principal Investigators, or their designees are responsible to train people within their area of responsibility on this plan when they are assigned to a job, when their responsibilities under the plan change, or when this plan changes. This plan is available at <a href="cobweb@nd.edu">cobweb@nd.edu</a> and <a href="https://riskmanagement.nd.edu/safety/general-safety/emergency-action-plans/">https://riskmanagement.nd.edu/safety/general-safety/emergency-action-plans/</a>

The Emergency Plan Coordinator may be reached at: Director of Finance & Facilities Office of the Dean 574-631-3069 <u>dfranson@nd.edu</u> 204J Mendoza College of Business

## **III. PROCEDURE FOR REPORTING ANY IMMEDIATE EMERGENCY**

- A. Dial 911 from any campus phone or 574-631-5555 from a cell phone, and provide:
  - Your name
  - Building
  - Exact location of emergency response
  - Type and extent of the emergency
- **B.** Fire Alarm Pull Stations are also available to activate in-building fire alarms and notify the emergency dispatch center.

## **IV. EVACUATION PROCEDURES**

#### A. Emergency Escape Procedures and Routes

In advance, locate the nearest exit from your work location and determine the route you will follow to reach that exit in an emergency. Establish an alternate route to be used in the event your route is blocked or unsafe.

If there are guests in MCOB, event management staff should brief guests of emergency exit locations at the beginning of the event. If event manage staff are present at the event, the staff are responsible to direct guests to the nearest safe exit should an evacuation be necessary.

#### **B.** During an Evacuation

If time and conditions permit, secure your workplace and take with you important personal items that are easily accessible — such as car keys, purse, medication, and glasses. Read and understand the following steps:

- Follow instructions from emergency personnel.
- Check doors for heat before opening and if the door is hot, DO NOT open it.
- Walk, DO NOT run, push, or crowd. Use handrails in stairwells and stay to the right.
- Keep noise to a minimum so you can hear emergency instructions.
- Assist people with disabilities.
- Unless otherwise instructed, move quickly away from the building towards the **designated** assembly area which is **Debartolo Quad, on the west side of Mendoza**.
- Watch for falling glass and other debris.
- Keep roadways and walkways clear for emergency responders and vehicles.

Emergency Exits are marked by signage. Emergency exit route plans are located on each floor next to the elevators. Find the closest available exit to you and calmly proceed to that location.

If you have relocated away from the building, DO NOT return until notified that it is safe.

## C. Procedure for Faculty/Staff Who Remain to Operate Critical Operations Before They Evacuate

Some faculty, students or staff may need to not immediately evacuate in order to secure critical operations before evacuation. Critical operations may include the monitoring of power supplies, water supplies, and other essential services which cannot be shut down for every emergency. They may also include those persons conducting research or other work which must be shut down in stages or steps.

	1 1 11		1.1 1 1.1
I he tollowing lists individuals	who may be recooncide	e tor critical operations a	nd their duities.
The following lists individuals	which that be responsible	. 101 UHUUAI UDUTAUUHIS A	ind then duttes.

Name	Title	Work Area	Responsibilities
Chris Fruewirth	Director of IT	Mendoza	Tech
Chris Henderson	Facilities Administrator	Stayer Center/Mendoza	Building Safety/Ops
Dana Pierce	Facilities Administrator	Stayer Center/Mendoza	Building Safety/Ops
Maggie Neenan Michel	Manager, Faculty Support	Mendoza	Essencial Services

All individuals remaining behind to shut down critical systems or utilities shall be capable of recognizing when to abandon the operation or task. Once the property and/or equipment has been secured, or the situation becomes too dangerous to remain, these individuals shall exit the building by the nearest escape route as soon as possible and meet at **Debartolo Quad, on the west side of Mendoza**, which is the department's **designated assembly area**.

## **D. Shelter In Place Procedures**

Evacuation may not be appropriate for all emergency situations. The situation may dictate-or emergency instructions may be given-to **shelter in place**. Shelter in place means selecting an interior room(s) within your facility, or ones with no or few windows and taking refuge there. For example this may be appropriate for active violence, severe weather, and hazardous material release. When **shelter in place** is initiated, calmly

proceed to the **Giovanini Commons in the basement**, keeping clear of all windows. DO NOT use elevators, or shelter near the grand staircase area which has skylights. Campus Safety personnel have been trained and are responsible to assist in a safe and orderly emergency evacuation.

#### E. Employee Accountability Procedures after Evacuations

The supervisors or designated persons in charge must ensure all personnel evacuate. Check all areas e.g., team rooms, restrooms, lounges, remote spaces, etc.. Provide assistance to faculty, staff and students as needed when leaving the building. Accounting for all students, faculty and staff following an evacuation is critical. Confusion in the assembly areas can lead to delays in rescuing anyone trapped in the building, or unnecessary and dangerous search-and-rescue operations. Consider taking a head count after the evacuation. The names and last known locations of anyone not accounted for should be passed on to the official in charge. No one is to reenter the building for any reason until the emergency responders or another responsible agency has notified that the building is safe for reentry.

#### E. Severe Weather/Tornado

When a tornado warning is announced, all employees and guests should immediately go to their designated tornado refuge area. This is the the same location as the **shelter in place** location, which is **Giovanini Commons.** Stay away from the grand staircase area, and windows. All employees and guests should stay in the tornado refuge area until given the all clear sign.

#### F. Heart Difibrillator (A.E.D.) Location

MCOB has a Heart Defibrillator unit located on the first floor, nearest the West entrance, along the southern wall beside the fire extinguisher. The door is alarmed to notify emergency personel of usage. Always dial 911 in case of a medical emergency.

## G. Alarm System

The alarm system provides warning for necessary emergency action. The alarm is generally capable of being perceived above ambient noise or light levels of noise. The alarms used for different actions are distinctive and include horn blasts, sirens, and public address systems.

Alarm system	Action to be taken
ND Alert System – Public Address System	Follow instructions
Fire Alarm - Audible Horn and Visual Strobe Light	Evacuate building

Alarm systems for notifying all employees in case of an emergency are:

## F. Training

Training is accomplished by an employee reading this document or by instruction from an immediate supervisor or department leadership:

- 1. For employees when the plan is initiated, substantive changes are made to the plan and/or facility;
- 2. When an employee's responsibilities substantively change involving safety related activities; and
- 3. For new employees (new hires or transfers).

# **V. FIRE EXTINGUISHERS**

In most cases employees are at less risk if they evacuate rather than use fire extinguishers. Fire extinguishers are available yet we do not have an expectation that people utilize fire extinguishers in the event of a fire. If you are going to use a fire extinguisher, you must be trained annually and they should only be used for small fires. Training can be completed on-line via ComplyND.

Fight the fire with an extinguisher, only if:

- The Fire Department has been notified, but fire needs immediate containment.
- The fire is small and is not spreading to other areas.
- An escape route is unavailable.
- The fire extinguisher is in working condition and personnel are trained to use it.

# VI. RESCUE AND MEDICAL DUTIES

It may become necessary in an emergency to rescue personnel and perform some specified medical duties, including first-aid treatment. All employees assigned to perform such duties will have been properly trained and equipped to carry out their assigned responsibilities properly and safely. Generally the Notre Dame Fire Department and Security Police Department provide these services. The Wellness Center is an additional resource for staff and faculty. University Health Services is an additional resource for students.

# VII. CONTACTS

For more information about the University's emergency plan, visit emergency.nd.edu